**FILED** 

## NOT FOR PUBLICATION

**APR 12 2006** 

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

CATHY A. CATTERSON, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

## FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

MARVIN ESTUARDO ESTRADA SUCHITE,

Petitioner,

v.

ALBERTO R. GONZALES, Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 04-76756

Agency No. A95-179-519

MEMORANDUM\*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted April 5, 2006 \*\*

Before: HAWKINS, McKEOWN, and PAEZ, Circuit Judges.

Marvin Estuardo Estrada Suchite, a native and citizen of Guatemala, petitions for review of an order of the Board of Immigration Appeals dismissing his appeal from an immigration judge's decision denying his application for

<sup>\*</sup> This disposition is not appropriate for publication and may not be cited to or by the courts of this circuit except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The panel unanimously finds this case suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

asylum and withholding of removal. We have jurisdiction pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1252. Reviewing for substantial evidence, *Sangha v. INS*, 103 F.3d 1482, 1487 (9th Cir. 1997), we deny the petition for review.

Substantial evidence supports the agency's determination that Estrada

Suchite did not establish past persecution or a well-founded fear of future

persecution on account of a protected ground where he received only anonymous,

ambiguous threats and where the only evidence as to the source and reason for the
threats was Estrada Suchite's speculative testimony that ex-guerillas may have

targeted him because of his past military service. *See Nahrvani v. Gonzales*, 399

F.3d 1148, 1153-54 (9th Cir. 2005); *see also Molina-Estrada v. INS*, 293 F.3d

1089, 1094-95 (9th Cir. 2002) (concluding that petitioner had not established a
nexus to a protected ground based on his father's past military involvement).

Accordingly, Estrada Suchite failed to establish eligibility for asylum, and we need
not reach his contentions regarding the one-year deadline for filing his application.

Because Estrada Suchite failed to establish eligibility for asylum, he necessarily failed to meet the more stringent standard for withholding of removal. *See Cruz-Navarro v. INS*, 232 F.3d 1024, 1031 (9th Cir. 2000).

## PETITION FOR REVIEW DENIED.